



Financial Audit Presentation Year Ended June 30, 2022

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2022 FINANCIAL AUDIT FIRST STEPS

OPINION

- > First Steps' responsibility:
 - ➤ Maintain effective internal controls
 - > There are limitations on internal controls.
 - Regular risk assessment is important, including assessing the risk of fraud.
 - > Financial Statements
 - Accuracy, completeness, and propriety of balances, amounts, and disclosures

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- Greene Finney Cauley, LLP's ("GFCLLP") responsibility:
 - ➤ Opinion <u>reasonable assurance</u> that financial statements are materially correct
 - Does not address the financial condition of the Organization
 - Purpose of the audit is not to detect fraud. GFCLLP cannot take responsibility for finding fraud, if it existed
- > Issued unmodified opinion

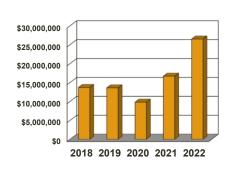
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2022 FINANCIAL AUDIT FIRST STEPS

Total Fund Balance

- > Total fund balance increased \$9.8M to \$26.5M
- \$24.2M is restricted for the 4K program and early childhood services
- \$640K is committed for cash reserve revolving loans and county partnership grants
- Unassigned fund balance of \$813K



Fund Balance

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Major Reasons To Maintain An Adequate Fund Balance:

- Significant emergencies and unanticipated expenditures
- Flexibility for discretionary funding needs
- Extremely important during uncertain economic times
- · Assists in managing cash flow fluctuations

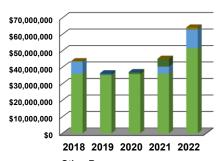
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2022 FINANCIAL AUDIT FIRST STEPS

Total Revenues*:

- \$62.9M for 2022:
 - \$51.5M in state appropriations
 - \$11.3 in state, local and private grants
- \$21.9M (53%) increase from 2021
 - \$15.3M increase in state appropriations
 - \$6.6M increase in state, local and private grants
- * Total Revenues include state appropriations of \$21.3M which were distributed to and expended by 4K providers (reported in Private 4K Special Revenue Fund for FY2022).



- Other Revenues
- Interest Income
- Local and Private Grants
- Medicaid reimbursements
- Federal Grants
- State Appropriations

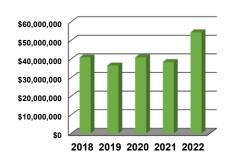
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Total Expenditures*:

- \$54.3M for 2022:
 - \$19.3M in allocations to county partnerships and other entities
 - \$21.4M in expenses made by 4K providers
 - \$3.7M in contractual services
 - \$6.0M in salaries and benefits
 - \$2.7M in materials and other expenditures
 \$1.2M in capital outlay related to the adoption of GASB #87 Leases
- \$16.0M (42%) increase from 2021:
 - \$6.6M increase 4K programmatic costs
 - \$4.7M increase in allocations to county partnerships and other entities
 - \$1.4M increase in salaries and benefits
 - \$1.2M increase in capital outlay related to the adoption of GASB #87 Leases in FY2022

*Total Expenditures include \$21.4M in programmatic costs incurred by 4K providers and reported in the Private 4K Special Revenue Fund for FY2022



■ Total Expenditures

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2022 FINANCIAL AUDIT FIRST STEPS

Pension & OPEB Accounting

- Relates to First Steps' proportionate shares of the net pension and OPEB liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to First Steps' participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and the Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund
- No impact to First Steps' governmental funds.
- Impacts First Steps' government-wide financial statements:
 - Total Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities of \$6.3M and \$7.0M, respectively, on First Steps' Statement of Net Position for 2022.
 - State mandated SCRS contribution rate for FY22 was 16.56% (increase of 1% compared to prior year rate). The rate is scheduled to increase by 1% annually until rate reaches 18.56%.

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Other Notes:

- Total capital assets were \$1.0M at 6/30/22, consisting of right of use lease assets. These assets are being amortized over the lease term.
- Commitment of \$504K for the development and implementation of a new Data System (KITS) for the local partnerships and 4K program (to be largely funded through the Preschool Development Grant)
- Commitment of \$316K for First Five website (to be largely funded through the Preschool Development Grant)
- Compensated absences (long-term liability) outstanding at 6/30/22 were \$368K.

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2022 FINANCIAL AUDIT FIRST STEPS

Other Notes (Continued)

- Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 87 "Leases" ("GASB #87" or "Statement")
 - The objective of GASB #87 is to better meet the information needs of financial users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.
 - The adoption of GASB #87 has resulted in the addition of a lease liability and corresponding intangible right-to-use lease asset on First Step's government-wide financial statements of approximately \$1M.



Compliance

- Single Audit was performed by the State Auditor's Office
- GAGAS Opinion No issues to report.

Management Letter

 Required communications to management and those charged with governance – no issues to report.

Summary

- Unmodified opinion on the Financial Statements from GFCLLP
- Future funding contingent upon appropriations from the State of South Carolina and receipt of Federal grants

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September 27, 2022

Mr. George L. Kennedy, CPA
State Auditor
Office of the State Auditor
Columbia, South Carolina
and
Members of the Board of Trustees
South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness
Columbia, South Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness ("First Steps") for the year ended June 30, 2022 ("2022"). Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 6, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by First Steps are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

First Steps adopted GASB Statement No. 87 "Leases" ("GASB #87" or "Statement") for the year ended June 30, 2022. The objective of GASB #87 is to better meet the information needs of financial users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The adoption of GASB #87 has resulted in no impact to First Steps' opening net position but has resulted in the addition of a lease liability and corresponding intangible right-to-use lease asset on the government-wide financial statements of approximately \$1,000,000 as of June 30, 2022.

Except for the above, no new significant accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not significantly changed during 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by First Steps during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

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The most significant sensitive estimates affecting First Steps' financial statements were:

Management's estimates of the other postemployment benefit and pension balances are based on actuarial valuations (the assumptions used in the actuarial valuations are based on accounting requirements, actuarial standards, historical data, and industry trends) prepared and certified by independent actuaries. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. For purposes of this communication, professional standards define a significant audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on First Steps' financial reporting process (that may or may not cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). We did not propose any significant audit adjustments.

In our judgment, there were no material known unrecorded and uncorrected misstatements, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 27, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to First Steps' financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as First Steps' auditor. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability – South Carolina Retirement System, schedule of contributions – South Carolina Retirement System, schedule of proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – South Carolina Health Insurance Trust Fund, and schedule of contributions – South Carolina Health Insurance Trust Fund, which are required supplementary information ("RSI") that supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled this information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Office of the State Auditor, Board of Trustees, and management of First Steps and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Greene Finney Cauley, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Greene Finney Cauly, LLP

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



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September 27, 2022

Members of the Board of Trustees South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Columbia, South Carolina

This report on the audit of the financial statements of the South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness for the year ended June 30, 2022, was issued by Greene Finney Cauley, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, under contract with the South Carolina Office of the State Auditor.

If you have any questions regarding this report, please let us know.

Respectfully submitted, George & Kennedy, III-

George L. Kennedy, III, CPA

State Auditor

GLKIII/sag





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. George L. Kennedy, CPA State Auditor Office of the State Auditor Columbia, South Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness ("First Steps"), a discretely presented component unit of the State of South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise First Steps' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of First Steps as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted out audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of First Steps and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 13 in the notes to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2022 First Steps adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87 "Leases". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about First Steps' ability to continue as a going

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concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of First Steps' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about First Steps' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and the pension and other postemployment benefit plan schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any

assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise First Steps' basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2022 on our consideration of First Steps' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of First Steps' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering First Steps' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Greene Finney Cauley, LLP
Greene Finney Cauley, LLP
Mauldin, South Carolina

September 27, 2022

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Board of Trustees provides an overview of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness ("First Steps") prepared its financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and follows pronouncements from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2022:

- First Steps' total net position increased by \$11,103,173 and its assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (net position) by \$13,574,309, which includes \$24,191,440 in restricted net position of which the majority is restricted for the 4K preschool program and early childhood services.
- First Steps received \$51,542,466 in appropriations from the State of South Carolina, the significant majority of which was disbursed for funding the county partnerships and the 4K programs throughout the state.
- First Steps received federal, state, local, and private grants totaling \$11,338,840.
- First Steps adopted GASB Statement No. 87 "Leases" ("GASB #87") for the year ended June 30, 2022. The objective of GASB #87 is to better meet the information needs of financial users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The adoption of GASB #87 required retrospective adoption, however, such impact was not material to First Steps' net position, therefore, there were no adjustments to beginning net position upon adoption of GASB #87.

USING THESE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements presented in this document include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements:

Government-wide statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements display information about First Steps as a whole. The government-wide financial statements of First Steps are presented on the accrual basis of accounting and provide short-term and long-term information about First Steps.

Fund Statements:

The fund financial statements include the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances. The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which focus on the near term inflows and outflows of resources available for expenditure for the fiscal year.

First Steps was created specifically to carry out the objectives of The South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Act and to lessen the burdens on government by overseeing the initiative for improving early childhood development of the Act.

Statements of Net Position –The Statements of Net Position provide a summary of First Steps' financial condition at the end of the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years; the statement reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting.

SOUTH CAROLINA FIRST STEPS TO SCHOOL READINESS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

Current assets Lease and capital assets, net Total assets	2022 \$ 27,303,936 1,005,796 28,309,732	2021 \$ 17,720,023 21,766 17,741,789
Deferred outflows of resources	4,468,021	2,755,005
Current liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	1,231,243 6,280,921 6,993,958 918,637 15,424,759	1,179,850 6,548,225 5,336,555 144,213 13,208,843
Deferred inflows of resources	3,778,685	4,816,815
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	10,889 24,191,440 (10,628,020) \$ 13,574,309	21,766 15,605,503 (13,156,133) \$ 2,471,136

Current assets have increased from \$17,720,023 at June 30, 2021 to \$27,303,936 at June 30, 2022 which is an increase of \$9,583,913. This is primarily due to an increase in cash which resulted from First Steps receiving expanded State appropriations as well as additional grant funds which were not able to be fully expended during the fiscal year, resulting in an increase in cash balances. Total liabilities increased from \$13,208,843 at June 30, 2021 to \$15,424,759 at June 30, 2022, which is an increase of \$2,215,916. The primary cause of the increase is due to First Steps' increased pension and OPEB liabilities as well as the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which resulted in an additional \$994,907 of liabilities related to leases (formerly identified as operating leases).

Statements of Activities – The Statements of Activities reports the revenues and expenses during the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years.

SOUTH CAROLINA FIRST STEPS TO SCHOOL READINESS STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

	2022	2021
Program Revenues		
Federal, state, local and private grants	\$ 11,338,840	\$ 8,993,227
Total program revenues	11,338,840	8,993,227
General Revenues		
	51 512 166	26 121 007
State appropriations	51,542,466	36,131,007
Interest income and other revenues	75,958	154,690
Total general revenues	51,618,424	36,285,697
Total revenues	62,957,264	45,278,924
Evnonces		
Expenses Allocations to other entities	19,320,197	14,633,351
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Private 4K provider costs	21,438,801	14,819,034
Contractual services	3,717,072	3,040,570
Salaries	4,228,301	3,350,578
Employer fringe benefits	437,392	524,802
Short-term rent and leases	79,741	194,674
Materials	2,215,102	1,019,761
Travel	173,518	58,883
Interest expense	5,268	_
Depreciation	238,699	23,745
Total expenses	51,854,091	37,665,398
Increase (decrease) in net position	11,103,173	7,613,526
Net position beginning balance	2,471,136	(5,142,390)
Net position ending balance	\$ 13,574,309	\$ 2,471,136

Operating revenues of First Steps are largely dependent upon appropriations from the State of South Carolina as well as grants from the state government and private or local donors. The increase in net position is primarily attributed to expanded State appropriations as well as grant revenues under new grant agreements. As a result of these appropriations and new grants, program revenues increased by \$2,345,613 and general revenues increased by \$15,332,727. First Steps' total expenses increased from \$37,665,398 for the year ended June 30, 2021 to \$51,854,091 for the year ended June 30, 2022 which was an increase of \$14,188,693. The increase in expenses was planned as it had secured funding and appropriations for the year which allowed it to expand its program operations. However, full expansion of its programs was not met, therefore First Steps did realize an increase in net position of \$11,103,173 as a result.

Funds Highlights:

Governmental Funds:

The focus of First Steps' governmental funds is to provide information regarding actual inflows and outflows of spendable resources. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of First Steps, while the Private 4K special revenue fund accounts for the private activities of the 4K program administered by First Steps.

The General Fund's operating revenues are primarily appropriations from the State of South Carolina and state and local grants. For state appropriations, revenues are not budgeted by First Steps, therefore, expenditures are typically matched with appropriations so long as expenditures do not exceed budget. State appropriations and other revenues exceeded First Steps' program expenses resulting in revenues exceeding expenditures by \$8,726,482 for the year ended June 30, 2022. First Steps also reported other financing sources from leases of \$1,222,729 and when combined with the excess of revenues over expenditures, there was an increase in fund balance from the beginning fund balance amount of \$15,436,179 to \$25,385,390, which includes \$872,200 in nonspendable fund balance, \$23,060,347 in fund balance restricted for the 4K pre-school and early childhood services, and \$639,632 committed for cash reserve revolving loans and grants to county partnerships, and \$813,203 in unassigned fund balance.

The Private 4K special revenue fund's operating revenues are primarily appropriations from the State of South Carolina. The Private 4K special revenue fund received total revenues of \$21,303,398 and expended \$21,438,801 during the year ended June 30, 2022, resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$135,403. All of the special revenue fund's fund balance is restricted.

Noncurrent Liabilities:

First Steps' noncurrent liabilities consist of compensated absences, lease liabilities, and its proportionate share of the State of South Carolina's net pension and net OPEB liabilities related to the South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"). The compensated absences liability includes accrued annual leave earned for which the employees are entitled to paid time off or payment at termination. Compensated absences used or transferred to another agency during the fiscal year were \$307,143 while another \$367,948 were accrued. See note 5 to the financial statements for additional information regarding First Steps' compensated absences.

Lease liabilities have been recorded as a result of First Steps' implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 during the year ended June 30, 2022. GASB Statement No. 87 required First Steps to record the net present value of lease payments for leases with remaining terms in excess of one year, which resulted in initial liabilities of \$1,222,729 offset by principal payments of \$203,042 and rent credits of \$24,780, resulting in an ending balance of \$994,907.

First Steps' net pension liability has been recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and represents First Steps' share of the State's net pension liability related to the SCRS. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was \$6,548,225 and at June 30, 2022, it had decreased to \$6,280,921. The decrease is due to an increase in participants applicable to First Steps offset by a decrease in the overall pension liability of the State. GASB Statement No. 68 does not affect First Steps' required contributions to the net pension liability. See note 6 to the financial statements for additional information regarding First Steps' pension plan.

First Steps is also required to record its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 and represents First Steps' share of the State's net OPEB liability related to the State's Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was \$5,336,555 and increased to \$6,993,958 at June 30, 2022, due to an increase in participants applicable to First Steps as well as an increase in the overall OPEB liability of the State. See note 7 to the financial statements for additional information regarding First Steps' OPEB plan.

Right of Use Lease Assets:

In addition to requiring First Steps to record lease liabilities, GASB Statement No. 87 also required First Steps to recognize intangible right of use assets related to the lease agreements. The initial lease asset recorded during the year ended June 30, 2022 mirrored the lease liability of \$1,222,729. The lease assets are then amortized over the term of the lease. During the year ended June 30, 2022, amortization expense of \$216,933 was recorded, resulting in an ending balance of \$1,005,796.

Budget Highlights:

First Steps budgets State appropriations and other funds (earmark, restricted and federal) as they are received during the year. First Steps' original and final budget for the General Fund was \$6,770,328 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Actual expenditures, on the budgetary basis, totaled \$6,581,300. These amounts were spent primarily on the CDEPP programs (child development program). The total other funds final budget was \$55,563,946. Actual expenditures, on the budgetary basis, totaled \$46,807,700. These amounts were spent primarily on allocations to First Steps local county partnerships and the CDEPP programs.

Current Conditions that are expected to have a Significant Effect on First Steps' Financial Position:

During the 2022 state fiscal year, First Steps received the largest amount of revenue they have received to date of \$62,957,264. This revenue included successfully implementing several large Federal Grants along with the statewide expansion of the 4K Program. These Federal Grants included the Governors Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER) of \$4,684,113, the Preschool Development Grant (PDG) for \$4,739,903, and the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund for \$1,084,387. Most of these funds were distributed to the Local Partnerships and for services by our 4K contracted providers. The total of grants received during the year was \$11,338,840. Expected grants for the 2022-23 fiscal year are estimated to be greater than \$8 million.

First Steps 4K program recovered during the fiscal year and surpassed the number of students prior to the pandemic with the highest number of students ever served. Many of the 4K providers still struggle with recruiting and retaining teachers.

In August of 2021, First Steps moved into a new leased facility at 636 Rosewood Dr. in Columbia as it had outgrown the previous facility at 1600 Sumter St.

The Preschool Development Grant, which has provided significant resources to the agency and its Local Partnerships will end on April 29, 2023. There are two years remaining on the award for the ESSER grant for a total of approximately \$10 million, and the GEER Funds ended during the summer of 2022. Efforts and plans are underway to secure additional funding to cover the loss of these funds as needed. Additional grants are ongoing.

In 2022-23, the state appropriated an additional \$3 million in recurring General Funds to First Steps to provide READY grants to the Local Partnerships. The agency will award these funds during the 2022-23 fiscal year. 3% of these funds will be retained by First Steps for administering, monitoring, and evaluation of the grant.

Even with the conclusion of some of our grants, First Steps is well positioned to meet its mission going forward.

This discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness' finances for all of South Carolina's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate First Steps' accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness 636 Rosewood Drive Columbia, South Carolina 29201

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,951,570
Prepaid expenses	872,200
Grants receivable	2,291,109
Other receivables	189,057
Total current assets	27,303,936
Noncurrent assets:	
Right of use lease asset, net	1,005,796
Total noncurrent assets	1,005,796
Total assets	28,309,732
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,875,247
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,592,774
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,468,021
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	134,350
Accrued salaries and benefits	513,209
Compensated absences, current	194,717
Lease liabilities, current	249,073
Unearned revenue	139,894
Total current liabilities	1,231,243
Noncurrent liabilities:	
	172 902
Compensated absences, net of current portion Lease liabilities, net of current portion	172,803 745,834
Net OPEB liability	6,993,958
Net pension liability	6,280,921
Total noncurrent liabilities	14,193,516
Total liabilities	15,424,759
Total habilities	13,424,737
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	2,378,977
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,399,708
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,778,685
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	10,889
Restricted for the 4K pre-school program and early childhood	,
services	24,191,440
Unrestricted	(10,628,020)
Total Net Position	\$ 13,574,309

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenses	
Governmental Activities – General Government	
Allocations to other entities	\$ 19,320,197
Private 4K provider costs	21,438,801
Contractual services	3,717,072
Salaries	4,228,301
Employer fringe benefits	437,392
Short-term rent and leases	79,741
Materials	2,215,102
Travel	173,518
Interest expense	5,268
Depreciation	238,699
Total expenses	51,854,091
Program Revenues – Operating Grants and Contributions	
Federal, state, local, and private grants	11,338,840
Total program revenues	11,338,840
Net expenses	(40,515,251)
General Revenues	
State appropriations	51,542,466
Interest income	51,178
Other revenues	24,780
Total general revenues	51,618,424
Change in net position	11,103,173
Net position, July 1, 2021	2,471,136
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$ 13,574,309

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			Special		
G	eneral Fund		Fund		Total
\$	22,910,769	\$	1.040,801	\$ 2	23,951,570
*		•		,	872,200
	,				2,291,109
	, , <u>, </u>		189,057		189,057
\$	26,074,078	\$	1,229,858	\$ 2	27,303,936
\$	35,585	\$	98,765	\$	134,350
	513,209		, <u> </u>		513,209
	139,894				139,894
	688,688		98,765		787,453
	872 200				872,200
	872,200				872,200
	23 060 347		1 131 093	2	24,191,440
					615,753
	,				23,879
					813,203
-			1,131,093		26,516,483
\$	26,074,078	\$	1,229,858		27,303,936
	\$ \$	\$72,200 2,291,109 \$26,074,078 \$35,585 513,209 139,894 688,688 872,200 23,060,347 615,753 23,879 813,211 25,385,390	\$ 22,910,769 \$ 872,200 2,291,109 \$ \$ 26,074,078 \$ \$ \$ 35,585 \$ 513,209 139,894 688,688 \$ 872,200 \$ 23,060,347 615,753 23,879 813,211 25,385,390	General Fund Revenue Fund \$ 22,910,769 872,200 2,291,109	General Fund Special Revenue Fund \$ 22,910,769 \$ 1,040,801 \$ 2 2,291,109 \$ 26,074,078 \$ 1,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,109 \$ 26,074,078 \$ 1,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 35,585 \$ 98,765 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 26,074,078 \$ 1,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 35,585 \$ 98,765 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 26,074,078 \$ 1,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 26,074,078 \$ 1,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 26,074,078 \$ 1,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 27,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 28,765 \$ 28,765 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2,291,229,858 \$ 2 2

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balance, governmental fund	\$ 26,516,483
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Lease related assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. This amount reflects gross lease assets of \$1,222,729 net of accumulated depreciation of \$216,933.	1,005,796
The net pension and net OPEB liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(6,280,921) (6,993,958) 1,875,247 (1,399,708) 2,592,774 (2,378,977)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position Compensated absences Lease liabilities	(367,520) (994,907)
Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of	
Net Position	\$ 13,574,309

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Private 4K Special Revenue	
	General Fund	Fund	Total
Revenues			
State appropriations	\$ 30,239,766	\$ 21,302,700	\$ 51,542,466
Federal, state, local, and private grants	11,315,737	_	11,315,737
Interest income	50,481	698	51,179
Total revenues	41,605,984	21,303,398	62,909,382
Expenditures			
Allocations to other entities	19,320,197	_	19,320,197
Private 4K provider costs		21,438,801	21,438,801
Contractual services	3,717,072	_	3,717,072
Salaries	4,167,496	_	4,167,496
Employer fringe benefits	1,775,337	_	1,775,337
Materials	2,215,102	_	2,215,102
Travel	173,518	_	173,518
Debt service - principal	203,042	_	203,042
Debt service – interest expense	5,268	_	5,268
Lease expenditure	1,222,729	_	1,222,729
Short-term rent and leases	79,741		79,741
Total expenditures	32,879,502	21,438,801	54,318,303
Change in fund balance before other			
financing sources	8,726,482	(135,403)	8,591,079
Other financing sources			
Lease proceeds	1,222,729		1,222,729
Total other financing sources	1,222,729		1,222,729
Change in fund balance	9,949,211	(135,403)	9,813,808
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	15,436,179	1,266,496	16,702,675
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 25,385,390	\$ 1,131,093	\$ 26,516,483

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance, governmental fund	\$ 9,813,808
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Current year retirement plan contributions are considered a deferred outflow of resources rather than a current year expense in the Statement of Activities	661,453
Current year OPEB contributions are considered a deferred outflow of resources rather than a current year expense in the Statement of Activities	249,642
Repayment of lease liabilities is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and as a reduction in lease liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	203,042
Lease credits resulting in a decrease in the lease liability are recognized as income in the Statement of Activities	24,780
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund:	
Depreciation	(238,699)
Decrease in pension expense due to changes in First Steps' portion of collective pension expense Increase in OPEB expense due to changes in First	576,641
Steps' portion of collective OPEB expense	(126,689)
Compensated absences	(60,805)
Increase in net position, governmental activities	\$11,103,173

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness ("First Steps") is a non-profit, tax-exempt public charity created specifically to carry out the objectives of The South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Act and to lessen the burdens on government by overseeing the initiative for improving early childhood development of the Act. First Steps was created through enabling legislation recorded in June of 1999 in Section 59-152-10 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. First Steps is financially accountable to and dependent on the State and is subject to various State procurement, budget, personnel, and other regulations. First Steps is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the State of South Carolina and included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Operationally, the SC First Steps Executive Director reports to a State Board of Trustees, consisting of 25 voting members and the heads of all South Carolina child-serving agencies. The board is chaired by the Governor of the State of South Carolina (the "Governor"). The Board's voting members include the Governor or the Governor's designee, State Superintendent of Education or the State Superintendent of Education's designee, seven Governor appointees, four members appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, four members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chairman of the Senate Education Committee, the Chairman of the House Education and Public Works Committee, and the Chief Executive Officers of the Department of Social Services, Department of Health and Environmental Control, Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Disabilities and Special Needs, State Head Start Collaboration Officer, and Children's Trust of South Carolina. First Steps accomplishes its directives through the use of 46 county partnerships which cover all counties within the state of South Carolina. Each local partnership has its own governing board based on the enabling law, and employs staff as determined by the local board.

First Steps was enacted to help improve school readiness outcomes for the state's youngest learners and to create public-private partnerships to strengthen the system of early education and care statewide. First Steps implements specific and targeted programs through five broad categories in communities across the state: 1) Family Strengthening, 2) Childcare, 3) Early Education, 4) School Transition, and 5) Health. Each South Carolina county has a First Steps Partnership (with Internal Revenue Service not-for-profit 501(c)3 status), comprised of business and community leaders, early education professionals, parents, faith-based and agency partners. Local First Steps partnerships examine unmet needs in their communities to help local young children and their families. Through its Internal Revenue Service not-for-profit 501(c)3 status, First Steps mobilizes resources beyond state appropriated dollars, leveraging local private and public funds, planned gifts, in-kind contributions, and volunteer hours.

First Steps also co-administers the state's 4-K pre-school program known as the Child Development Education Pilot Program which provides full-day pre-kindergarten to eligible children in both public and private settings. The private portion of this program is included in the Private 4K special revenue fund. South Carolina First Steps serves as the state coordinator for Nurse-Family Partnership and Parents as Teachers. Finally, by Executive Order, First Steps serves as South Carolina's Early Childhood Advisory Council under the federal Head Start reauthorization of 2007.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") using the accrual basis of accounting and following pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

All of the functions available to finance First Steps are presented together as general government activities. Financial information for funds that are not available to finance these activities are not included; consequently, the government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary assets and liabilities, when applicable.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are used to report First Steps' financial position and results of operations as well as to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The governmental fund statements are presented on the modified accrual basis. These methods of accounting are described below.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or for non-exchange transactions, when all eligibility requirements have been met, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay obligations of the current period. For this purpose, First Steps considers major sources of revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal year.

Governmental Fund Types

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund, a major fund, is the operating fund of First Steps and is used to account for all financial transactions and resources with the exception of the revenues and expenditures for the private 4K program providers.

<u>Private 4K Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Private 4K Special Revenue Fund is a major special revenue fund of First Steps. The fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the providers of the private 4K program, which offers families choices of pre-kindergarten within both public-school districts and eligible private settings. Private 4K Programs focus on the developmental and learning supports that children must have in order to be ready for school and incorporate evidence-based practices, ongoing assessment and parenting education.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The amounts shown in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and cash equivalents* represent petty cash, cash on deposit in banks, cash equivalents on deposit with external parties, and cash invested in various instruments as a part of the State's cash management pool, an internal investment pool. The internal investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and does not have other regulatory oversight. Because the cash management pool operates as a demand deposit account, amounts invested in the pool are classified as cash and cash equivalents. The pool includes some long-term investments such as obligations of the United States and certain agencies of the United States, obligations of domestic corporations, certificates of deposit, and collateralized repurchase agreements.

<u>Cash Management Pool – Allocation of Interest</u>

The State of South Carolina cash management pool consists of a general deposit account and several special deposit accounts. The State records each fund's equity interest in the general deposit account. All earnings on that account are recorded in the General Fund of the State of South Carolina. In contrast, each special deposit account retains its own earnings.

Investment Holdings and Basis

The South Carolina State Treasurer's Office (the "Office") is authorized by statute to invest all State funds. The Office's investment objectives are preservation of capital, maintenance of adequate liquidity, and obtaining the best yield possible within prescribed parameters. To meet those objectives, the Office uses various resources including an investment advisory service, electronic financial quotation and information services, various economic reports, and daily communication with brokers and financial institution investment officers.

To ensure safety of principal, the Office's policy is to limit liquid investments (i.e., those with maturities not exceeding one year) to cash, repurchase agreements (when collateralized by United States Treasury, federal agency or other federally guaranteed obligations with a market value in excess of 100.0% of funds advanced), United States Treasury bills, federal agency discount notes, and commercial paper.

The Office further preserves principal by investing in only the highest investment grade securities. In order to diversify investment holdings, asset allocation policies are utilized for investments having more than one year to maturity. Overall credit exposure is managed by asset allocation policies and by additional constraints controlling risk exposure to individual corporate issuers. Substantially all of the State's investments are presented at fair value; securities are valued at the last reported sales price as provided by an independent pricing service.

More information pertaining to the carrying amounts, fair value, credit and other risks of the cash management pool that First Steps participates in as required under GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investments – Risk Disclosures* and GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, are disclosed in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Grants Receivable

Amounts reported as grants receivable represent reimbursements due under federal or state grant agreements. First Steps expects all balances to be paid and therefore no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded. These amounts will be collected during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Capital Assets

First Steps reports its capital assets in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

First Steps' capital assets are valued at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost data is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value on the donation date. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not significantly add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's useful life are not capitalized.

An individual asset is capitalized and reported if it has an estimated useful life of at least two years and a historical cost of more than \$5,000 for buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment. All land and non-depreciable land improvements are capitalized and reported, regardless of cost. Once First Steps places a depreciable capital asset in service, depreciation is recorded using the straightline method over the following useful lives:

Asset Category	Years
Equipment and	
computer software	5
Vehicles	5

Right of Use Lease Assets

First Steps has recorded right of use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB No. 87. The right of use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability. The right of use lease assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease. Amortization expense is included with depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.

Compensated Absences

Generally, all permanent full-time State employees and certain part-time employees scheduled to work at least one-half of First Steps' work month are entitled to accrue and carry forward at calendar year-end maximums of 180 days sick leave and 45 days annual vacation leave. Upon termination of State employment, employees are entitled to be paid for accumulated unused annual vacation leave up to the maximum, but are not entitled to any payment for unused sick leave. The compensated absences liability includes accrued annual leave earned for which the employees are entitled to paid time off or payment at termination. The entire unpaid liability for which First Steps expects to compensate employees through paid time off or cash payments, inventoried at fiscal year-end current salary costs and the cost of the salary-related benefit payments, is recorded as a liability.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Lease Liabilities

First Steps has entered into agreements to lease certain facilities and equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB No. 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of funds provided to First Steps under grant agreements for which eligible expenditures had not been made as of June 30, 2022. These amounts will be recognized as grant revenue as eligible expenditures are made by First Steps during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Fund Balance and Net Position

Fund Balance

First Steps reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

The following categories of fund balance are being used in the fund level financial statement of the governmental fund:

Nonspendable fund balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as other assets. As of June 30, 2022, First Steps reported \$872,200 in nonspendable fund balance.

Restricted fund balance

The restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are either restricted externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2022, First Steps' restricted fund balance consisted of state appropriations restricted for the 4K pre-school program and early childhood services.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Fund Balance (continued)

Committed fund balance

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of First Steps' highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless First Steps removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balances also incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. As of June 30, 2022, First Steps reported \$639,632 of committed fund balance which had been committed for cash reserve revolving loans and grants for the county partnerships.

Assigned fund balance

The assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by First Steps' intent to be used for specific purposes but are not restricted or committed. The authority for making an assignment is not required to be First Steps' highest level of decision-making authority and as such, the nature of the actions necessary to remove or modify an assignment does not require First Steps' highest level of authority. As of June 30, 2022, First Steps did not have any assigned fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance

The unassigned fund balance classification includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes within the General Fund.

Based on First Steps' policies regarding fund balance classifications as noted above, First Steps considers amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be spent when the corresponding expenditure that has been designated by the State or donors has been made. After these fund balances have been depleted, unassigned fund balance will be considered to have been spent.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Net Position

First Steps reports net position in accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.

The following categories of net position are used in the Statement of Net Position:

Restricted net position

Restricted net position consists of assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. In all cases, if individual restricted net position categories are negative, the negative balance is eliminated and reclassified against unrestricted net position. As of June 30, 2022, First Steps' restricted net position consisted of state appropriations restricted for the 4K program and early childhood services.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets (including intangible right of use lease assets), net of accumulated depreciation and/or accumulated amortization, reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, lease liabilities or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Unrestricted Net Position

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

First Steps' policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

2. Budget Policy

First Steps is granted an annual appropriation for operating purposes by the South Carolina General Assembly. The appropriation as enacted becomes the legal operating budget for First Steps' general fund. The Private 4K special revenue fund does not have a legally adopted budget. The Appropriation Act authorizes expenditures from funds appropriated from the General Fund of the State and authorizes expenditures of total funds. The "Total Funds" column in the Appropriation Act for each individual budgetary unit authorizes expenditures from all budgeted resources. A revenue budget is not adopted for individual budgetary funds. Budgetary control is maintained at the line-item level of the budgetary entity. Agencies may process disbursement vouchers in the State's budgetary accounting system only if enough cash and appropriation authorization exist.

2. Budget Policy (continued)

Transfers of funds may be approved by the State Fiscal Accountability Authority under its authority or by the agency as set forth in Appropriation Act Proviso 117.9 as follows: Agencies and institutions shall be authorized to transfer appropriations within programs and within the agency with notification to the Executive Budget Office. No such transfer may exceed twenty percent of the program budget. Upon request, details of such transfers may be provided to members of the General Assembly on an agency by agency basis. Transfers of appropriations from personal service accounts to other operating accounts or from other operating accounts to personal service accounts may be restricted to any established standard levels set by the State Fiscal Accountability Authority upon formal approval by a majority of the members of the State Fiscal Accountability Authority.

During the fiscal year-end closeout period in July, agencies may continue to charge vendor, interagency, and interfund payments for the fiscal year to that fiscal year's appropriations. Any unexpended State General Fund monies as of June 30 automatically lapse to the General Fund of the State on July 1 unless authorization is received from the General Assembly to carry over the funds to the ensuing fiscal year. First Steps has legislative approval to carryforward all unexpended General Fund appropriations. State law does not require the use of encumbrance accounting.

3. Deposits and Investments

By law, all deposits and investments are under the control of the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office (the "Office") except for those that, by specific authority, are under the control of other agencies or component units. The deposit and investment policies of those entities may differ from those of the Office. Typically, these agencies follow the deposit and investment policies of the Office in an effort to minimize deposit and investment risks.

The balances held by First Steps presented in these financial statements act as a demand deposit account with the Office and are therefore treated as cash and cash equivalents. The disclosures under GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* and GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, are not required for cash and cash equivalents. However, as the First Steps deposits are generally invested in the State of South Carolina investment pool, information can be obtained from the State of South Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at www.cg.sc.gov.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for the primary government was as follows:

		eginning						Ending
		Balance					J	Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2021	Ad	ditions	Disp	osals	Jun	e 30, 2022
Governmental activities								
Capital assets being								
depreciated:								
Equipment and computer								
software	\$	6,010	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,010
Vehicles		118,725						118,725
		124,735						124,735
Less accumulated								
depreciation for:								
Equipment and computer								
software		(6,010)		—				(6,010)
Vehicles		(96,959)	(2	21,766)			(118,725)
	((102,969)	(2	21,766)			(124,735)
Capital assets for governmental		·						
activities, net	\$	21,766	\$ (2	21,766)	\$		\$	

5. Compensated Absences

Compensated absence activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for the primary government was as follows:

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	I	Ending Balance e 30, 2022		rrent rtion
Compensated					_		
absences	\$ 306,715	\$ 367,948	\$ (307,143)	\$	367,520	\$ 19	94,717
Total	\$ 306,715	\$ 367,948	\$ (307,143)	\$	367,520	\$ 19	94,717

6. Pension Plan

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), created July 1, 2012, is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various Retirement Systems and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' five defined benefit pension plans. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as custodian, co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the Systems and the assets of the retirement trust funds. The Retirement System Investment Commission (Commission as the governing body, RSIC as the agency), created by the General Assembly in 2005, has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission, an eight-member board, serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary for the assets of the retirement trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority (SFAA), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The Annual Report is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions

• The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost—sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Plan Descriptions (continued)

• The State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to SCRS to certain newly hired employees of state agencies, institutions of higher education, public school districts and individuals first elected to the S.C. General Assembly at or after the general election in November 2012. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into an account administered by one of four third party service providers. PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the four third party service providers. For this reason, State ORP assets are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes.

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

- SCRS Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.
- State ORP As an alternative to membership in SCRS, certain newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals first elected to the S.C. General Assembly at or after the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State ORP. Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employer to the member's account with the ORP service provider for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by SCRS.

Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of the benefit terms for each system is presented below.

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Plan Descriptions (continued)

Benefits (continued)

• SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

Contributions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute. Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00 percent for. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017 for SCRS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percentage point each year in accordance with state statute. However, the General Assembly postponed the one percent increase in the SCRS employer contribution rates that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, the board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Plan Descriptions (continued)

Contributions (continued)

Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85 percent. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85 percent, then the board, effective on the following July 1, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85 percent. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than 85 percent, then effective on the following July 1, and annually thereafter as necessary, the board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 85 percent.

Required employee contribution rates¹ are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021
SCRS		
Employee Class Two	9.00%	9.00%
Employee Class Three	9.00%	9.00%
State ORP		
Employee	9.00%	9.00%

Required employer contribution rates¹ are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021
SCRS		
Employer Class Two	16.41%	15.41%
Employer Class Three	16.41%	15.41%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%
State ORP		
Employer Contribution ²	16.41%	15.41%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%

¹ Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of laws.

² Of this employer contribution, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP vendor to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ending June 30, 2019.

The June 30, 2021, total pension liability (TPL), net pension liability (NPL), and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company (GRS) and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There was no legislation enacted during the 2021 legislative session that had a material change in the benefit provisions for any of the systems. In FY 2021 the Board adopted updated demographic assumptions. Also, the General Assembly permitted the investment return assumption at July 1, 2021 to decrease from 7.25% to 7.00%, as provided by Section 9-16-335 in South Carolina State Code.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2021.

_	SCRS
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return ¹	7.00%
Projected salary increases ¹	3.0% to 11.0% (varies by service)
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
¹ Includes inflation at 2.25%	

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2020 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2020 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using 80% of Scale UMP projected from the year 2020.

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2021, TPL are as follows.

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 95%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 94%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 97%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 107%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 127%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 107%

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2021, for SCRS is presented below.

				Plan Fiduciary
		Plan	Employers'	Net Position as a
	Total Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension	Percentage of the Total
System	Liability	Net Position	Liability	Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 55,131,579,363	\$ 33,490,305,970	\$21,641,273,393	60.7%

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

First Steps' proportionate share of the net pension liability was calculated on the basis of historical employer contributions. Although GASB 68 encourages the use of the employer's projected long-term contribution effort to the retirement plan, allocating on the basis of historical employer contributions is considered acceptable. For the year ending June 30, 2021, First Steps' percentage of the SCRS net pension liability was 0.02563%. For the year ending June 30, 2022, First Steps' percentage of the SCRS net pension liability was 0.02902%. First Steps' proportionate share is determined by its percentage of total contributions to SCRS during the respective fiscal year. The change in percentage resulted in First Steps' recognizing a change in its proportionate share of the SCRS net pension liability at related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2021 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.00 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

<u>Asset Class</u>	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Arithmetic Real <u>Rate of Return</u>	Long Term Expected Portfolio <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity ¹	46.0%	6.87%	3.16%
Bonds	26.0%	0.27%	0.07%
Private Equity ^{1,2}	9.0%	9.68%	0.87%
Private Debt ²	7.0%	5.47%	0.39%
Real Assets	12.0%		
Real Estate ²	9.0%	6.01%	0.54%
Infrastructure ²	3.0%	5.08%	0.15%
Total Expected Real Return ³	100.0%		5.18%
Inflation for Actuarial			2.25%
Total Expected Nominal			7.43%

¹ The target weight to Private Equity will be equal to its actual weight, reported by the custodial bank, as of prior month end. When flows have occurred, flow adjusted weights are used to more accurately reflect the impact of the asset class weight. Private Equity and Public Equity combine for 55% of the entire portfolio.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the collective net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.25 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Proportional Share of Net Pension Liability						
	to Changes in the Discount Rate					
	1	.00% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount Rate		1.00% Increase
System		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)
SCRS	\$	8,227,231	\$	6,280,921	\$	4,663,144

² Staff and Consultant will notify the Commission if Private Markets assets exceed 25% of total assets.

³ Portable Alpha Strategies, which are not included in the Policy Target, will be capped at 12% of total assets; hedge funds (including all hedge funds used in portable alpha implementation) are capped at 20% of total assets.

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, First Steps recognized pension benefit of \$576,641 which is included in employer fringe benefits in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2022, the First Steps reported deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions from the following sources and will be amortized to pension expense as noted in following schedules. Average remaining service lives of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2022 was 3.91 years for SCRS:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	661,453	\$	_
Differences in actual and expected plan				
experience		106,988		8,477
Change in proportionate share and				
differences between First Steps' contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		763,009		478,844
01 00111110 0010110		*		4/0,044
Changes in assumptions		343,797		_
Net differences between projected and				
actual earnings on plan investments				912,387
_	\$	1,875,247	\$	1,399,708

Measurement Period	Fiscal Year Ending	
Ending June 30,	June 30,	 SCRS
2022	2023	\$ (216,602)
2023	2024	261,872
2024	2025	106,220
2025	2026	(341,404)

6. Pension Plan (continued)

Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources (continued)

First Steps reported \$661,453 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

7. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

PEBA is a state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs, other post-employment benefits trusts. By law, the SFFA, which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions in administering the State Health Plan and other post-employment benefits (OPEB). See Note 6 for more details on PEBA and the SFAA.

PEBA, Insurance Benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB Trust Fund. This information is publicly available through the Insurance Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, OPEB Trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions

The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund (OPEB Trust), refers to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund (SCRHITF) established by the State of South Carolina as Act 195, which became effective on May 2008. The SCRHITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's retiree health and dental plans.

In accordance with Act 195, the OPEB Trust is administered by the PEBA, Insurance Benefits and the State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds held in trust. The Board of Directors of PEBA has been designated as the Trustee.

The OPEB Trust is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Article 5 of the State Code of Laws defines the plan and authorizes the Trustee to at any time adjust the plan, including its benefits and contributions, as necessary to insure the fiscal stability of the plan. In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides post-employment health and dental benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents.

Benefits

The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies, and public school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

7. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

Contributions and Funding Policies

Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires the postemployment and long-term disability benefits to be funded through non-employer and employer contributions for active employees and retirees to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits.

The SCRHITF is funded through participating employers that are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office on active employee covered payroll. The covered payroll surcharge for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 6.25 percent. The South Carolina Retirement System collects the monthly covered payroll surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF also include the implicit subsidy, or age-related subsidy inherent in the healthcare premiums structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the health care expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree health care expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs. Non-employer contributions include the mandatory transfer of accumulated PEBA – Insurance Benefits' reserves and the annual appropriation budgeted by the General Assembly. It is also funded through investment income. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the General Assembly has indefinitely suspended the statutorily required transfer until further notice.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plans (as understood by the employer and plan participants) and include the types of benefits provided at the time the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

7. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for SCRHITF:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Inflation:	2.25%
Investment Rate of Return:	2.75%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense; including inflation
Single Discount Rate:	1.92% as of June 30, 2021
Demographic Assumptions:	Based on the experience study performed for the South Carolina Retirement Systems for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2019
Mortality:	For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct South Carolina Retirees 2020 Mortality Tables are used with fully generational mortality projections based on a fully generational basis by the 80% of Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements and adjusted with multipliers based on plan experience.
Health Care Trend Rate:	Initial trend starting at 6.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.00% over a period of 15 years
Retiree Participation:	79% for retirees who are eligible for funded premiums 59% participation for retirees who are eligible for Partial Funded Premiums 20% participation for retirees who are eligible for Non-Funded Premiums
Notes:	The discount rate changed from 2.45% as of June 30, 2020 to 1.92% as of June 30, 2021demographic and salary increases assumptions were updated to reflect the 2020 SCRS experience study and the health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience.

Roll Forward Disclosures

The actuarial valuation was performed as of June 30, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2021.

Net OPEB Liability

The Net OPEB Liability (NOL) is calculated separately for each OPEB Trust Fund and represents that particular Trust's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) determined in accordance with GASB No. 74 less that Trust's fiduciary net position. The allocation of each employer's proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability and collective OPEB Expense was determined using the employer's payroll-related contributions over the measurement period.

The following table represents the components of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021:

				Plan Flouciary
				Net Position as a
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary		% of Total OPEB
OPEB Trust	Liability	Net Position	Net OPEB Liability	Liability
SCRHITF	\$ 22,506,597,989	\$ 1,683,416,992	\$ 20,823,180,997	7.48%

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7. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

Net OPEB Liability (continued)

The TOL is calculated by the Trusts' actuary, and each Trust's fiduciary net position is reported in the Trust's financial statements. The NOL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 74 in the Trusts' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Trusts' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 74 and 75 and are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the Trusts' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2022, First Steps reported a liability of \$6,993,958 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021. First Steps' proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of First Steps' long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, First Steps' proportion was 0.033587% and 0.029563%, respectively.

Single Discount Rate

The Single Discount Rate of 1.92% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the Single Discount Rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the plan's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of one percent).

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. This information is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long Term Expected Portfolio <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
US Domestic Fixed Income	80.00%	0.60%	0.48%
Cash	20.00%	0.35%	0.07%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%	•	0.55%
Expected Inflation		•	2.25%
Total Return			2.80%
Investment Return Assumption			2.75%

Allocation Weighted

7. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

Net OPEB Liability (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the SCRHITF's net OPEB liability calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 1.92%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

Sensitivity of the Proportional Share of Net OPEB Liability						
to Changes in the Single Discount Rate						
1.00% Decrease Current Discount Rate 1.00% Increase						
OPEB Trust	(0.92%)	(1.92%)	(2.92%)			
SCRHITF	\$ 8,429,450	\$ 6,993,958	\$ 5,862,250			

Regarding the sensitivity of First Steps' proportionate share of SCRHITF's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following table presents First Steps' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what First Steps' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

Sensitivity of the Proportional Share of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate					
OPEB Trust 1.00% Decrease Cost Trend Rate 1.00% Increase					
SCRHITF	\$ 5,611,037	\$ 6,993,958	\$ 8,836,655		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, First Steps recognized OPEB expense of \$126,689. At June 30, 2022, First Steps reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences in actual and expected plan	\$ 249,642	\$	_	
experience	141,536		179,266	
Changes in assumptions	1,421,905		168,405	
Change in proportionate share and differences between First Steps' contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions	779,691		2,029,415	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	 		1,891	
	\$ 2,592,774	\$	2,378,977	

7. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (continued)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$249,642 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows. Average remaining services lives of all employees provided with OPEB through the June 30, 2021 was 6,929 years for SCRHITF:

Measurement	Fiscal Year	
Period Ending	Ending	
June 30,	June 30,	SCRHITF
2022	2023	\$ (267,589)
2023	2024	(270,686)
2024	2025	(216,964)
2025	2026	165,501
2026	2027	350,130
Thereafter		205,753

8. Deferred Compensation Plans

Several optional deferred compensation plans are available to State employees. The multiple-employer plans, created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k), and 403(b), are administered by third parties and are not included in First Steps' financial statements. Compensation deferred under the plans is placed in trust for the contributing employee. First Steps has no liability for losses under the plans. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate State employment. Employees may also withdraw contributions prior to termination if they meet requirements specified by the applicable plan. First Steps made no contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

9. Risk Management

First Steps is exposed to various risks of loss including theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, and general torts and maintains state insurance coverage for non-owned motor vehicles and general torts. First Steps did not incur any losses during the past three years.

First Steps has not transferred the risk of loss for employee theft or misappropriation of assets and the portion of the risks of loss related to insurance policy deductibles for non-owned motor vehicles and torts to a state or commercial insurer.

10. Transactions with State Entities / Related Parties

First Steps had significant transactions with the State and various State agencies. First Steps purchases goods and services from various State agencies. Total purchases from State agencies were approximately \$860,000 for the year ended June 30, 2022, including \$120,698 in insurance premiums described below.

10. Transactions with State Entities / Related Parties (continued)

First Steps provided no material services free of charge to other State agencies during the fiscal year. First Steps participates in the statewide dual employment program. Workers' compensation and other insurance premiums for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 of \$57,301 were paid to the State Accident Fund and \$63,397 of premiums were paid to the South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund.

11. Leases

First Steps leases facilities and equipment from others. These leases have terms between 22 and 60 months requiring monthly payments. First Steps has used discount rates of 0.53% to 5.26% to present value future lease payments to calculate its lease liabilities.

As of June 30, 2022, the total amount of right to use lease assets and the related accumulated amortization is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions	Deductions		Ending Balance	
Right of Use Lease Assets							
Leased real estate	\$	_	\$ 1,199,695	\$		\$	1,199,695
Leased equipment			23,034				23,034
Total leased assets being depreciated	\$		1,222,729	\$			1,222,729
Less accumulated amortization							
Leased real estate		_	(209,280)				(209,280)
Leased equipment			(7,653)				(7,653)
Total accumulated amortization Total, net of accumulated			(216,933)				(216,933)
amortization	\$		\$ 1,005,796	\$		\$	1,005,796

Lease liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for the primary government was as follows:

	Begi			Ending					
Balance						Balance			
	July 1, 2021		Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022				
Real estate leases Equipment	\$	_	\$ 1,199,695	\$ (217,904)	\$	981,691			
leases			23,034	(9,918)		13,216			
Total	\$		\$ 1,222,729	\$ (227,822)	\$	994,907			

11. Leases (continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease liabilities are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total	
Year ending June 30,						
2023	\$	249,073	\$	5,051	\$	254,124
2024		242,320		3,409		245,729
2025		240,994		2,084		243,078
2026		242,275		803		243,078
2027		20,245		9		20,257
	\$	994,907	\$	11,356	\$	1,006,266

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

First Steps receives financial assistance from various state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. Disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements. The disbursements are also subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements included herein or on the overall financial position of First Steps at June 30, 2022.

County Partnership Regional Finance Managers

During 2018, First Steps entered into a contract with a single Regional Finance Manager for its County Partnerships. The contract had a five-year term which expired during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. A new contract was entered into with the same Regional Finance Manager that also carries a five year term and escalating annual payments. Future payments under this contract are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2023	\$ 489,000
2024	504,000
2025	519,000
2026	534,000
2027	 551,000
	\$ 2,597,000

12. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Local Partnership Accounting Software Development

During the year ended June 30, 2019, First Steps entered into an agreement for the development and implementation of a new accounting software for the local partnerships. The contract is for an initial three-year term with two one-year extensions, and required an initial \$125,000 expenditure for design and implementation. The contract requires annual payments of approximately \$61,000 for licensing and user rights.

SC First Steps new Outcomes and Accountability Data System, (Knowledge, Information, and Teaming System: KITS)

During the year ended June 30, 2021, First Steps entered into an agreement for the development and implementation of a new Data System for the Local Partnerships and the 4K Program. This system will meet the data needs for the agency for the foreseeable future. The award was given to ANLAR, a company with experience in developing data systems for early education and government entities. The solicitation was awarded for \$1,422,881, to be paid between March 11, 2021 through March 10, 2026. A large portion of the expenses are included in the Preschool Development Grant through a contract between First Steps and the South Carolina Department of Social Services ("DSS") with \$795,029 of that amount was paid during the period ending June 30, 2022, leaving \$504,420 remaining under the agreement.

First Five Website

During the year ended June 30, 2021, First Steps entered into an agreement for the development and implementation of a website that would provide a single portal for early childhood services in the State. It would connect all of the state agencies in the State that provide services for this population. The award was given on April 2, 2021 to Mad Monkey Web Supply Company Inc for an amount of \$558,000 payable between April of 2021 through April 1, 2026; \$217,350 of this was paid during the period ending on June 30, 2022, leaving \$315,650 remaining under the agreement. Much of the cost of development of this website and associated services is being paid for by the Preschool Development Grant through a contract between First Steps and DSS.

13. Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncement

In June of 2017, the GASB issued Statement no. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 87 were effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. First Steps adopted GASB Statement No. 87 effective July 1, 2021.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 required retrospective application to prior periods resulting in the restatement of net position as of the beginning of the year, however, all based on the terms of the existing leases in place at the beginning of the year, no restatement was required.

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary General Funds (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis – Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Variance
Actual		Positive (Negative)
\$	111,570	\$ 169,443
	783	_
	6,424,200	_
	44,747	19,585
\$	6.581.300	\$ 189,028
	\$	\$ 111,570 783 6,424,200 44,747

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Required Supplementary Information -Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Other Budgeted Funds (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis – Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						
	O	Original Final		 Actual		Variance Positive Negative)	
Expenditures:							
First Steps to School Readiness							
Policy and Accountability							
Personal Services							
Classified Positions	\$	_	\$	212,815	\$ 118,769	\$	94,046
Unclassified Positions		_		26,661	26,661		
Other Personal Services		_		201,086	200,065		1,021
Other Operating Expenses		_		3,260,239	1,933,225		1,327,014
Allocations to Other Entities		_		4,918,947	3,128,685]	1,790,262
Child Development Services							
Personal Services							
Classified Positions		_		2,640,823	2,019,099		621,724
Unclassified Positions		_		186,742	106,643		80,099
Other Personal Services		_		662,600	157,427		505,173
Other Operating Expenses		_		4,368,047	2,568,070		1,799,977
Allocations to Other Entities		_		2,616,547	1,355,549		1,260,998
Other Budgeted Funds							
Other Operating Expenses		_		29,000	23,083		5,917
Allocations to Other Entities		_		86,139	85,000		1,139
Special Items							
County Partnerships		_		14,435,228	14,435,228		
CDEPP		_		20,566,191	19,654,632		911,559
Employer Contributions				1,352,881	 995,564	<u> </u>	357,317
Total First Steps to School Readiness	\$		\$	55,563,946	\$ 46,807,700	\$	8,756,246

SOUTH CAROLINA FIRST STEPS TO SCHOOL READINESS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. Budgetary Funds

South Carolina's Annual Appropriation Act, the State's legally adopted budget, does not present budgets by GAAP fund. Instead, it presents program-level budgets for the following two funds:

General Funds – These funds are general operating funds. The resources in the funds are primarily taxes. The State expends General Funds to provide traditional State government services.

Total Funds – The Total Funds column in the Appropriations Act includes all budgeted resources. Amounts in this column include General Funds as well as most, but not all, federal and department-generated resources. Total funds include portions of certain proprietary and capital project fund activities as well as most special revenue activities but exclude the pension trust funds and some other fiduciary fund activities.

Amounts presented as *Other Budgeted Funds* are obtained by subtracting the General Funds column in the Appropriations Act from the Total Funds columns. Revenue is not presented in the budgetary schedule because it is budgeted at the Statewide level.

As operating conditions change, First Steps may transfer appropriations between programs and classifications within programs. However, limits are placed on increasing/decreasing authorizations for personal services without State Fiscal Accountability Authority approval. Also, a revision of budgeted amounts over and above the total revenues appropriated requires approval of the State Fiscal Accountability Authority.

Both the funds appropriated by the State and other budgeted funds are included within the General Fund for financial statement presentation under GAAP.

2. Original and Final Budgeted Amounts; Basis of Presentation

The original appropriations presented in the accompanying schedule for the General Funds include amounts in the Appropriations Act as well as any appropriation reductions specifically authorized by law to prevent duplicate appropriations. The terminology, classification, and format of the appropriations section of the accompanying schedules are substantively the same as for the legally adopted budget. The State allows First Steps to transfer its appropriated funds to restricted accounts to allow for the opportunity for interest to be earned on these appropriated amounts. However, expenditures have been presented in accordance with the classifications provided for in the legally adopted budget.

The State's General Assembly does not approve estimated revenue or fund balance amounts for Other Budgeted Funds which include First Steps' General Fund. However, Section 115 (*Recapitulations*) of the Appropriation Act includes net source of funds amounts (i.e. estimated cash brought forward from the previous fiscal year plus estimated revenue for the current fiscal year minus estimated cash to be carried forward to the following fiscal year) for three categories of Other Budgeted Funds: Federal, Earmarked, and Restricted. A budget versus actual comparison for First Steps' General Funds and Other Budgeted Funds are presented as required supplementary information.

SOUTH CAROLINA FIRST STEPS TO SCHOOL READINESS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3. Legal Level of Budgetary Control

First Steps maintains budgetary control at the level of summary objective category of expenditure within each program of each department or agency which is the level of detail presented in the accompanying schedules.

4. Basis of Budgeting

Current legislation states that the General Assembly intends to appropriate all monies to operate State government for the current fiscal year. Unexpended appropriations lapse on July 31 unless the department or agency is given specific authorization to carry them forward to the next fiscal year. First Steps has such authorization to carry forward its funds. Cash-basis accounting for payroll expenditures is used, while the accrual basis is used for other expenditures.

State law does not precisely define the State's budgetary basis of budgeting. In practice, however, it is the cash basis with the following exceptions:

- Departments and agencies shall charge certain vendor and interfund payments against the preceding fiscal year's appropriations through July 14.
- All revenues are recorded only when the State receives the related cash with the exception of certain tax amounts, such as motor fuel taxes and gas taxes, which are not received by First Steps' General Funds.

5. Budget to GAAP Reporting Differences

Budgetary accounting principles differ significantly from GAAP accounting principles. Basis differences arise because the basis of budgeting differs from the GAAP basis used to prepare the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. In the current year, there are funds that are received by First Steps that are not legally budgeted and therefore, the amounts reported as actual expenditures on the budgetary basis do not agree to the actual expenditures reported in the governmental fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditure, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities. The differences between the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Funds and Other Budgeted Funds as compared to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance are related strictly to the modified accrual basis of accounting which include accounts receivable and accounts payable as revenues and expenditures in the current year while the budgetary basis would include those amounts in the year that payments were actually received or paid. A reconciliation of the budgetary basis expenditures to the GAAP basis expenditures is below:

SOUTH CAROLINA FIRST STEPS TO SCHOOL READINESS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

5. Budget to GAAP Reporting Differences (continued)

Reconciliation of Budget Basis to GAAP Basis Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	(General Fund	Other I	Budgeted Funds	Total
Total expenditures, budgetary basis	\$	6,581,300	\$	46,807,700	\$ 53,389,000
Perspective differences: All expenditures are reported in the		46,007,700		(46,007,700)	
General Fund for GAAP		46,807,700		(46,807,700)	_
Basis of accounting differences:					
Change in accrued salaries		117,358		_	117,358
Change in accounts payable		25,229		_	25,229
Prepaid expenses are not amortized on the budgetary basis		(872,200)		_	(872,200)
Amounts grossed up for GAAP basis that represent a transfer of appropriations on the budgetary					
basis		105,000		_	105,000
Lease asset expenditures are not recognized on the budgetary		ŕ			ŕ
basis		1,222,729		_	1,222,729
Revenues in the special revenue					
fund are considered expenditures					
in the General Fund for					
budgetary purposes		(21,302,700)		_	(21,302,700)
Other basis differences		195,093		<u> </u>	195,093
Total expenditures, GAAP basis	\$	32,879,502	\$		\$ 32,879,502

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the South Carolina First Steps
to School Readiness' Proportionate Share of the Net
Pension Liability – South Carolina Retirement System
As of June 30, 2022
Last Nine Fiscal Years

Note: The amounts presented above were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year.

Note: Only nine years of data were available; thus, only nine years were presented.

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Required Supplementary Information -Schedule of the South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness' Contributions -South Carolina Retirement System As of June 30, 2022 Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	661,453	\$	487,385	↔	424,022	S	351,180	S	412,089
contractually required contribution		661,453		487,385		424,022		351,180		412,089
Contribution deficiency (excess)	8	1	S	1	S	1	S	1	S	1
First Steps covered payroll	⊗	3,994,281	\$	3,132,288	↔	2,725,077	\$	2,411,951	⊗	3,039,003
covered payroll		16.56%		15.56%		15.56%		14.56%		13.56%
48		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	586,573	↔	412,387	∽	321,255	S	302,083	S	306,315
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		586,573		412,387		321,255		302,083		306,315
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		↔	1	S	1	S	1	S	1
First Steps covered payroll	↔	5,074,161	∽	3,728,634	∽	2,947,293	∞	2,849,840	∞	2,889,764
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.56%		11.06%		10.90%		10.60%		10.60%

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the South Carolina First Steps
to School Readiness' Proportionate Share of the Net
OPEB Liability – South Carolina Health Insurance Trust Fund
As of June 30, 2022
Last Six Fiscal Years

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
First Steps' proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.033587%		0.029563%		0.027578%		0.033958%		0.056381%
First Steps' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	↔	6,993,958	↔	5,336,555	8	4,170,259	8	4,812,069	↔	7,645,667
First Steps' covered payroll	S	3,132,288	S	2,725,077	S	2,411,951	\$	2,928,455	S	4,760,094
First Steps' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		223.29%		195.83%		172.90%		164.32%		160.62
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB						9		1		%
liability		7.48%		8.39%		8.44%		7.91%		7.60%
		2017								
First Steps' proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.056381%								
First Steps' proportionate share of the										
net OPEB liability	S	8,157,559								
First Steps' covered payroll	S	3,728,634								
First Steps' proportionate share of the										
net OPEB liability as percentage of										
covered payroll		218.78%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a										
percentage of the total OPEB										
liability		6.62%								

Note: The amounts presented above were determined as of June 30^{th} of the preceding year. Note: Only six years of data was available; thus, only six years are presented.

South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness Required Supplementary Information -Schedule of the South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness' Contributions – South Carolina Health Insurance Trust Fund As of June 30, 2022 Last Six Fiscal Years

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	€	249,643	\$	195,768	↔	170,317	↔	145,923	⊗	161,065
contractually required contribution		249,643		195,768		170,317		145,923		161,065
Contribution deficiency (excess)	S	1	S	1	S	1	S	1	S	1
First Steps covered payroll	⊗	3,994,281	↔	3,132,288	\$	2,725,077	\$	2,411,951	\$	2,928,455
Contributions as a percentage of Covered payroll		6.25%		6.25%		6.25%		6.05%		5.50%
		7017								
Contractually required contribution	8	232,315								
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	232,315								
First Steps covered payroll	↔	4,760,094								

Note: Only six years of data were available; thus, only six years are presented.

4.88%

Contributions as a percentage of Covered payroll

SOUTH CAROLINA FIRST STEPS TO SCHOOL READINESS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -SCHEDULE OF PRIVATE 4K PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_ Ge	eneral Fund	Private 4K Special Revenue Fund	Total
Expenditures				
Private 4K provider costs	\$	_	\$ 21,438,801	\$ 21,438,801
Contractual services		451,471		451,471
Salaries		1,525,759		1,525,759
Employer fringe benefits		637,054		637,054
Materials		982,290	_	982,290
Travel		65,560		65,560
Debt service - principal		53,375		53,375
Debt service – interest expense		1,512	_	1,512
Rent and short-term leases		66,839	_	66,839
Total expenditures	\$	3,783,860	\$ 21,438,801	\$ 25,222,661

Note: These amounts are reported on the modified-accrual basis of accounting.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. George L. Kennedy, CPA State Auditor Office of the State Auditor Columbia, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness ("First Steps"), a discretely presented component unit of the State of South Carolina, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise First Steps' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered First Steps' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of First Steps' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of First Steps' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether First Steps' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Greene Finney Cauley, LLP Mauldin, South Carolina

Greene Finney Cauly, LLP

September 27, 2022